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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/501,577	08/23/2005	Allen K Murray	355870.900440	9310
Allen K. Murra	7590 06/11/200 y, Ph.D.	EXAMINER		
Glycozyme, Inc		CHUNG, RAYMOND		
Suite E 17935 Sky Park Circle Irvine, CA 92614-6321			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1796	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/11/2008	PAPER

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/501,577	MURRAY, ALLEN K
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	RAYMOND CHUNG	1796
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stat Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the ma earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fron tute, cause the application to become ABANDON	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This action is application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under the condition of the condition is in condition.	his action is non-final. vance except for formal matters, pr	
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) <u>11-13</u> is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and Application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Exami	rawn from consideration.	
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 12 July 2004 is/are:  Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction.  The oath or declaration is objected to by the	a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to ne drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ection is required if the drawing(s) is ol	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). Djected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:      1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docume 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docume 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a limit	ents have been received. ents have been received in Applica riority documents have been receive eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No red in this National Stage
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail I 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Date

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Specification

1. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

The instant specification indicates a priority claim to "U.S. Provisional Application 60/340,937, filed on 10 January 2002", which is incorporated by reference. It is suggested that the claim to priority be corrected to reflect U.S. Provisional Application 60/348,937.

Appropriate correction is required.

#### Claim Objections

2. Claims 11-13 are objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c) as being in improper form because a multiple dependent claim should refer to other claims in the alternative only and cannot depend from any other multiple dependent claim. See MPEP § 608.01(n). Accordingly, the claims have not been further treated on the merits.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 4. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

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With regards to claim 1, the instant claim recites "improving fabric properties".

The term "improving" renders the claim indefinite because the extent of improvement in fabric properties that is required by the claim is unclear.

With regards to claim 4, the instant claim recites "essentially pure cellulose". The term "essentially" renders the claim indefinite because the level of purity of cellulose that is required by the claim is unclear.

With regards to claim 5, the instant claim recites "specific enzyme degradation".

The term "specific" renders the claim indefinite because the level of specificity of the enzyme degradation required by the instant claim is unclear.

With regards to claim 6, the instant claim recites "different pH's". The term "different pH's" renders the claim indefinite because it is unclear as to the pH levels the claim is intended to encompass.

With regards to claims 7-10, the instant claims recite "different types". The term "different types" renders the claims indefinite because it is unclear as to the types of cellulases and proteases the claims are intended to encompass.

For the purpose of this Office Action, "different pH's" in claim 6 and "different types" in claims 7-10 will be interpreted as any pH and any type, respectively.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

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(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

6. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Murray (WO 99/35491).

With regards to claims 1-3, Murray discloses treatment of cotton fibers with water-soluble carbodiimide to form amide bonds between carboxyl and amino groups of the amino acid constituents of the protein to which cellulose multimers have been found to be attached. Murray further teaches that the fibers become more resistant to enzymatic degradation and that chemical cross-linking via compounds such as carbodiimide is a way to reduce loss of soluble material during washing and, thereby, extend the life of cotton fabrics, which can be construed as improving said fabrics (P25/L15-26).

With regards to claim 4, Murray teaches that 25 DPA cotton fibers can be enzymatically degraded using a process comprising the steps of sequentially treating the fibers with cellulose followed by protease (P23/L10-11).

Murray does not explicitly teach the limitation "to yield essentially pure cellulose". However, said yielding of essentially pure cellulose would be inherent in the teachings of the prior art because it is supported by the use of similar materials (i.e. cotton fibers, cellulase, and protease) and similar process steps (i.e. sequential enzymatic treatment of cotton fibers with cellulase and then protease). The burden is upon the applicant to prove otherwise. *In re Fitzerald*, 205 USPQ 594. See MPEP 2112.

With regards to claims 5-10, Murray teaches enzymatic degradation of 25 DPA cotton fibers using a process comprising the steps of sequentially treating the fibers with

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cellulose followed by protease (P23/L10-11) and that products resulting from said degradation, such as glycoconjugates, which are disclosed as cell wall precursors, can be analyzed (P8/L6-23). This can be construed as a method of characterizing cotton fiber cell walls. Furthemore, Murray teaches steps comprising various pH's, such as pH levels ranging from 5.0-5.2 (P22/L20). In addition, Murray teaches the use of various proteases, such has trypsin, chymotrypsin, and pepsin (P21/L3), as well as the use of *T. reesei* cellulase (P22/L24).

#### Conclusion

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to RAYMOND CHUNG whose telephone number is (571)270-3881. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday, 9am-6pm EST, Alt. Fridays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vasu Jagannathan can be reached on 571-272-1119. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Lorna M Douyon/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1796

/R.C./ 3 June 2008